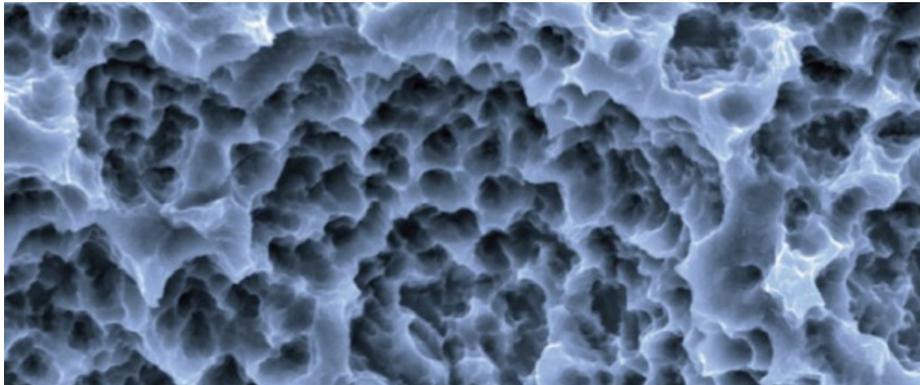


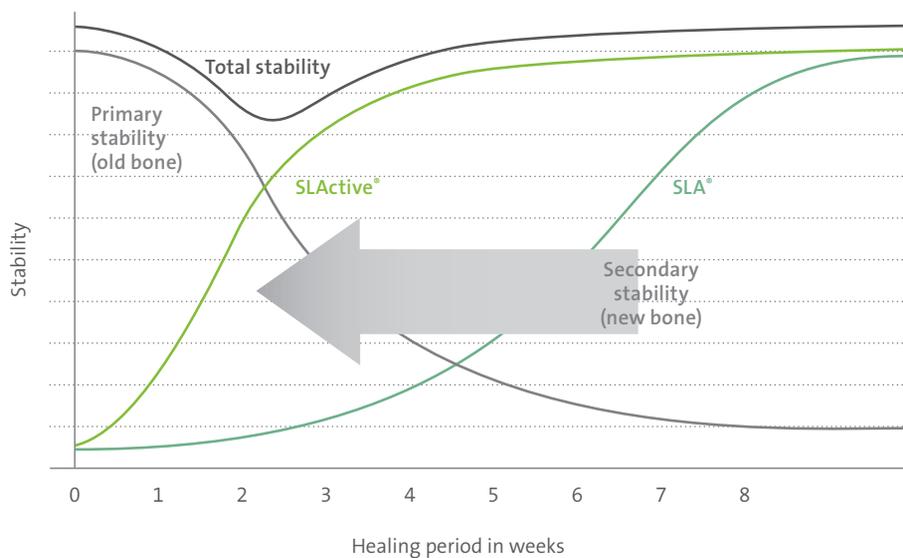
## Smart Product Descriptions

### SLActive® surface

The Straumann® SLActive® surface is based on the scientifically proven SLA® topography.



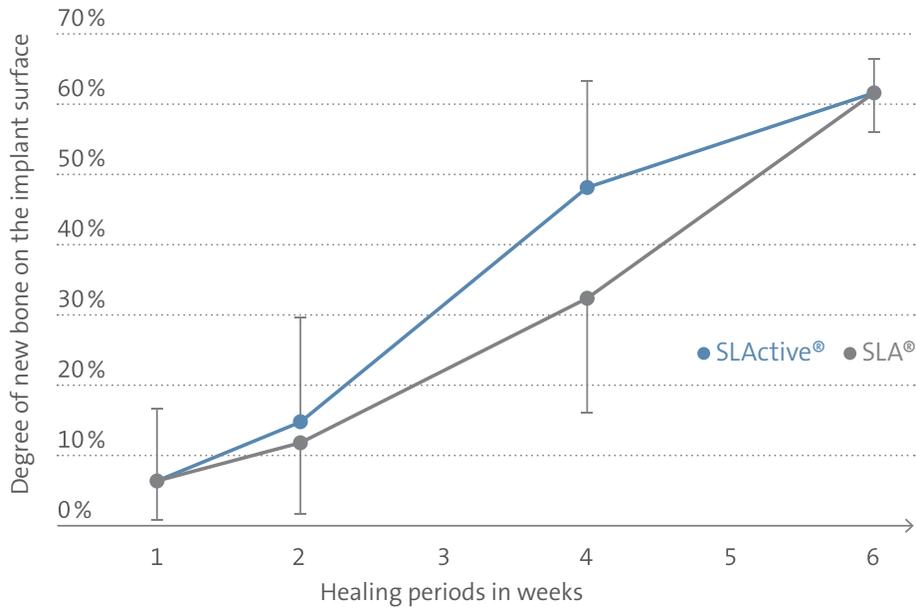
In addition, it has a fundamentally improved hydrophilic surface chemistry. SLActive® significantly accelerates the osseointegration process in the early healing phase (weeks 2-4) and delivers everything you expect from a successful and patient-friendly implant treatment.



#### Benefits:

- Safer and faster treatment in 3-4 weeks for all indications<sup>1-10</sup>
- Reduced healing times from 6-8 weeks down to 3-4 weeks<sup>6,10-14</sup>
- Increased treatment predictability in critical protocols<sup>15</sup>

## Smart Product Descriptions



The SLActive® surface shows a faster integration into new bone after 4 weeks (50 %) compared to the SLA® surface (30 %).

Most early implant failures occur in the critical healing period between weeks 2 and 4 after implant placement<sup>8</sup>. Although similar healing patterns were observed for both SLA® and SLActive® Implants, bone-to-implant contact (BIC) was greater after 2 weeks and significantly greater after 4 weeks for SLActive® (p-value < 0.05)<sup>7</sup>.

With the chemically active and hydrophilic SLActive® surface Straumann has established a new standard in oral implantology.

# Smart Product Descriptions

## REFERENCES

- 1 Rupp F et al. : Enhancing surface free energy and hydrophilicity through chemical modification of microstructured titanium implant surfaces. *Journal of Biomedical Materials Research A*, 76(2):323-334, 2006.
- 2 DeWild M : Superhydrophilic SLActive® implants. Straumann document 151.52, 2005.
- 3 Maniura K : Laboratory for Materials – Biology Interactions Empa, St. Gallen, Switzerland Protein and blood adsorption on Ti and TiZr implants as a model for osseointegration. EAO 22nd Annual Scientific Meeting, October 17 – 19 2013, Dublin.
- 4 Schwarz F et al. : Bone regeneration in dehiscence-type defects at non-submerged and submerged chemically modified (SLActive®) and conventional SLA® titanium implants: an immunohistochemical study in dogs. *J Clin.Periodontol.* 35.1 (2008): 64– 75.
- 5 Rausch-fan X et al. : Differentiation and cytokine synthesis of human alveolar osteoblasts compared to osteoblast-like cells (MG63) in response to titanium surfaces. *Dental Materials* 2008 Jan;24(1):102-10. Epub 2007 Apr 27.
- 6 Schwarz F et al. : Histological and immunohistochemical analysis of initial and early osseous integration at chemically modified and conventional SLA® titanium implants: Preliminary results of a pilot study in dogs. *Clinical Oral Implants Research*, 11(4): 481-488, 2007.
- 7 Lang, NP et al. : Early osseointegration to hydrophilic and hydrophobic implant surfaces in humans. *Clin Oral Implants.Res* 22.4 (2011): 349–56.
- 8 Raghavendra S et al.: Early wound healing around endosseous implants: a review of the literature. *Int. J. Oral Maxillofac. Implants.* 2005 May–Jun;20(3):425–31.
- 9 Oates TW et al. : Enhanced implant stability with a chemically modified SLA® surface: a randomized pilot study. *Int. J. Oral Maxillofac. Implants.* 2007;22(5):755–760.
- 10 Schwarz F et al. : Bone regeneration in dehiscence-type defects at chemically modified (SLActive) and conventional SLA titanium implants: A pilot study in dogs. *J. Clin. Periodontol.* 2007;34(1):78–86.
- 11 Buser D et al. : Enhanced bone apposition to a chemically modified SLA titanium surface. *J. Dent. Res.* 2004 Jul;83(7):529–33.
- 12 Schwarz F et al. : Histological and immunohistochemical analysis of initial and early subepithelial connective tissue attachment at chemically modified and conventional SLA® titanium implants. A pilot study in dogs. *Clin. Oral Impl. Res.* 2007;11(3):245–455.
- 13 Schwarz F et al. : Effects of surface hydrophilicity and microtopography on early stages of soft and hard tissue integration at non-submerged titanium implants: An immunohistochemical study in dogs. *J. Periodontol.* 2007;78(11):2171–2184.
- 14 Zöllner et al. : Immediate and early non-occlusal loading of Straumann implants with a chemically modified surface (SLActive®) in the posterior mandible and maxilla: interim results from a prospective multicentre randomized-controlled study. *Clinical Oral Implants Research*, 19(5), 442-450,2008.
- 15 Nicolau P et al. : Immediate and early loading of chronically modified implants in posterior jaws: 3-year results from a prospective randomized study. *Clin Implant Dent Relat Res.* 2013 Aug;15(4):600-612.

# Smart Product Descriptions

## DISCLAIMER

Straumann® Smart is a blended training and education program focused on the education of general dentists who want to become surgically active in the field of dental implantology. The program is limited to information pertaining to straightforward implant cases and focuses on a reduced portfolio of products that are suitable for the treatment of such cases.

All clinical Straumann® Smart content – such as texts, medical record forms, pictures and videos – was created in collaboration with Prof. Dr. Christoph Hämmerle, Prof. Dr. Ronald Jung, Dr. Francine Brandenburg-Lustenberger and Dr. Alain Fontolliet from the University of Zürich, Clinic for Fixed and Removable Prosthodontics and Dental Material Science, Switzerland.

Straumann does not give any guarantee that Straumann® Smart provides sufficient knowledge or instruction for the dental professional to become surgically active in the field of implantology. It is the dental professional's sole responsibility to ensure that he/she has the appropriate knowledge and instruction before placing dental implants.

Straumann® Smart does not replace a careful and thorough analysis of each individual patient by a dental professional. Further, it does not imply any guarantee or warranty with regard to completeness of the information provided to the patient. It does not replace the dental professional's duty to inform the patient about the treatment, the products and the risks involved and to receive the patient's informed consent. The dental professional is solely responsible for determining whether or not a treatment or product is suitable for a particular patient and circumstances. Knowledge of dental implantology and instruction in the handling of the relevant products is always necessary and the sole responsibility of the dental professional. The dental professional must always comply with the individual product's Instructions For Use as well as all laws and regulations.

STRAUMANN DISCLAIMS, TO THE EXTENT POSSIBLE BY LAW, ANY LIABILITY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AND BEARS NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, PUNITIVE, CONSEQUENTIAL OR OTHER DAMAGES, ARISING OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH ANY INFORMATION PROVIDED TO PATIENTS, ERRORS IN PROFESSIONAL JUDGMENT, IN PRODUCT CHOICES OR PRACTICE IN THE USE OR INSTALLATION OF STRAUMANN PRODUCTS.

All clinical content as well as clinical and radiographic images are provided by courtesy of Prof. Dr. Christoph Hämmerle, Prof. Dr. Ronald Jung, Dr. Francine Brandenburg-Lustenberger and Dr. Alain Fontolliet from the University of Zürich, Clinic for Fixed and Removable Prosthodontics and Dental Material Science, Switzerland.

### **International Headquarters**

Institut Straumann AG

Peter Merian-Weg 12

CH-4002 Basel, Switzerland

Phone +41 (0)61 965 11 11

Fax +41 (0)61 965 11 01

[www.straumann.com](http://www.straumann.com)

© Institut Straumann AG, 2016. All rights reserved.

Straumann® and/or other trademarks and logos from Straumann® mentioned herein are the trademarks or registered trademarks of Straumann Holding AG and/or its affiliates.